



Sidho-Kanho-Birsha University, Purulia

Syllabus for MA in History in CBCS Pattern

MhisCCT 101: India in the 19th and 20th Centuries

1. Transition to Colonialism: Decline of the Mughal empire; emergence of the Regional powers; foundation of the British empire
2. The consolidation and expansion of the British Power in India: the imperial ideology; experiments on land revenue systems; empire and economy
3. Administrative and Political changes during the Company's rule: parliament and the empire; Charter Acts; Judicial systems; empire and army; Indian Civil Service
4. Popular resistance to British expansion and rule: early Indian response; peasant and tribal uprisings

Suggested readings:

1. Sekhar Bondyopadhyay, From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India
2. J.F. Richards, The Mughal Empire
3. Alam and Subrahmanyam, Introduction to the Mughal State, 1526-1750
4. Athar Ali, Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb
5. Habib, The Agrarian System in Mughal India
6. Burton Stein, State Formation and Economy Reconsidered
7. Metcalf, Ideologies of the Raj
8. Eric Stokes, The Peasant and the Raj
9. Suprakash Ray, Bharater Krishak Bidroho o Ganatantrik Sangram

MhisCCT 102: India: 1857-1919

1. The consequence of the revolt of 1858 & reorganization of British Rule
2. Formation of early political organization & Indian National Congress
3. The nature of early Congress: the Moderate Phase – the Extremist challenges
4. The Partition of Bengal – the *Swadeshi* movement – Revolutionary terrorism – surat split – the Home-rule movement
5. Communal politics – Aligarh movement and Muslim League – Muslim and Hindu nationalists politics – the Lucknow Pact

Suggested Readings:

1. Sumit Sarkar, Modern India; Swadeshi Movement and Bengal
2. Anil Seal, The Emergence of Indian nationalism: Competition and Collaboration in the Later Nineteenth Century
3. Ranajit Guha, Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India
4. Neil Charlesworth, The Myth of the Deccan Riots
5. Bipan Chandra et al, India's Struggle for Independence
6. Bipan Chandra, The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India
7. R. Thapar, Looking Back in History. In D. Jain (ed), Indian Women
8. N. Kaviraj, Wahabi and Farazi Rebels of Bengal
9. A. Tripathi, The Extremist Challenge
10. Do, Swadhinata Sangrame Bharater Jatiya Congress

MhisCCT 103: India: 1920-1947

1. Advent of Gandhi in Indian Nationalist politics: Gandhi's rise to power in Indian politics; the Khilafat to Non-cooperation movement; the Gandhian Era: from Civil Dis-obedience movement to Quit India movement
2. New trends in national movement – different ideological trends – *dalit*, tribal, peasant, youth and women movements – the Left movements – the Radical Nationalist movement – Subhas Chandra Bose and the INA
3. British Constitutional Reforms and the politics of devolution of power: background and changes
4. Communal politics and Partition - British response – Partition and Independence – Integration of Princely States

Suggested Readings:

1. P.G. Robb, The Evolution of British Policy towards Indian Politics, 1880-1920
2. B.R. Tomlinson, The Indian National Congress and the Raj, 1880-1935
3. A. Nandy, The Illegitimacy of Nationalism: Rabindranath Tagore and the Politics of Self
4. Mushirul Hasan, Introduction to India's Partition: Process, Strategy and Modernization
5. Rajat K. Ray, Social Conflict and Political Unrest in Bengal: 1875-1927
6. S. Bhattacharya, Financial Foundation of the British Raj
7. Tanika Sarkar, Bengal, 1928-1934: the Politics of Protest
8. Partha Chatterjee, Bengal: 1920-47: the Land Question

MhisCCT104:Social and Cultural History of Bengal 1757-1905

1. The pre-colonial social and cultural heritage; Colonialism and the society in transition
2. A cognitive revolution and the debates – Orientalism - colonial construction of castes – the *Brahmo* social reforms – Young Bengal movement – Bankimchandra, Vidyasagar, Vivekananda and Aurobindo – emergence of cultural, economic and political nationalism
3. The changing pattern of Education – social changes – growth of vernacular literature – women's education – Medical education and Public health – the changing Muslim identity
4. The Culture of the society – the *Swadeshi* movement and the cultural impact – the audio-visual perceptions of the new culture

Suggested Readings:

1. Nimai Sadhan Bose, India Awakening and Bengal
2. Abhijit Dutta, Nineteenth Century Bengal Society and the Christian Missionaries
3. Rakhal C. Nath, The New Hindoo Movement
4. C. Palit, New Viewpoints on Nineteenth Century Bengal
5. P. Sinha, Nineteenth Century Bengal: Aspects of Social History

MhisCCT 105:Social and Cultural History of Bengal 1905-1950

1. Emergence of Nationalism – self-help and reconstruction – culture of militancy – *Gandhian* ideology in Bengal

2. The Nation and its regiments – regional identity – Bengali identity in History writing, politics, reality and culture
3. Challenges within women’s consciousness – the history of doing – franchisee movements – communalism – caste mobility and caste politics
4. Transcending Fragmentation – visions of integrity and humanity – Tagore, Kazi Nazrul and Saratchandra
5. Culture of the post-Tagore era – the *Kallol Jug* – Left ideology and the Theatre movement – social and cultural impact of the Partition

Suggested Readings:

1. Sumit Sarkar, Writing social History
2. A.R. Desai, Social Background of Indian Nationalism
3. Sumit and Tanika Sarkar (ed), Women and Social Reform in Modern India: A Reader
4. Sukumar Sen, History of Bengali Literature
5. Partha Chatterjee, A Religion of Urban Domesticity: Sri Ramakrishna and Calcutta Middle Class
6. S. Bondyopadhyay, Caste Culture and Hegemony
7. M. Borthwick, Keshub Chunder Sen: A Search for Cultural Synthesis
8. Rajat k. Ray, Exploring Emotional History
9. Do, prasanga Rabindranath: Jivandevtar Jivani
10. Do (ed), Mind, Body and Society: Life and Mentality in Colonial Bengal
11. R.C. Dutt, The Literature of Bengal
12. Do, Mahabharata: The Epic of Ancient India

MhisCCP 106: Term Paper

MhisCCT 201: Indian Historiography

1. Chronicles, myths and legends as sources of past history – criticism of these writings
2. Orientalism and Indian Past – William Jones – James Mill – William Irvine
3. Nationalism and history writing – the search for the Indian heritage – H.C. Roychoudhury, R.C. Majumdar, R.D. Bannerjee – the development of Indian Archaeology – the Medieval past and Nationalist school – J.N. Sarkar, Iswari Prasad, A.L. Srivastava

4. Economic critique of British rule from R.C. Dutta to N.K. Sinha – the Marxist School – the Cambridge School – Subaltern School – R. Guha, Partha Chatterjee – Cultural studies – Dipesh Chakraborty, Goutam Bhadra
5. Debates in Indian history: feudalism – 18th century crisis – medieval Indian economy – Indian nationalism

Suggested Readings:

1. R.G. Collingwood, The Idea of History
2. Arthur Marwick, Nature of History
3. Nagarajan and Kaliyaperumal, Research Methodology
4. G.K. Kothari, Research Methodology
5. Tez Ram Sharma, Research Methodology in History
6. Interdisciplinarity An Overview, Seminar Proceedings
7. E. Sreedharan, A Text Book of Historiography
8. S. Mukhopadhyay, Evolution of Historiography in Modern India
9. C. Palit (ed), Indian Historiography

MhisCCT 202: India Since Independence 1947-1977

1. Framing the Indian Constitution – establishment of Parliamentary Democracy
2. *Nehruvian era*
3. Problem of influx of refugees – phases of rehabilitation
4. Peasant movement – *Tebhaga, Telengana* – agrarian reforms – *Bhudan* movement – operation *Barga*
5. State and planned economy – Public sectors and economic development
6. Movements: linguistic, regional, ethnic and economic identity

Suggested Readings:

1. Bipan Chandra et al, India Since Independence
2. Partha Chatterjee, Wages of Freedom: Fifty Years of the Indian Nation-State
3. V.P. Menon, The Transfer of Power in India
4. Do, Integration of Indian States
5. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India

6. K.S. Sing (ed), Tribal Movements in India, 2 vols
7. Bimal Prasad, Gandhi, Nehru and J.P.: Studies in Leadership
8. B.R. Nanda (ed), Indian Foreign Policy: The Nehru Years
9. M.S. Rajan, India in World Affairs
10. Mohan Ram, Indian Communism
11. E.M.S Namboodiripad, Conflicts and crisis: Political India-1974
12. Rajni Kothari, Politics in India

MhisCCT 203: World Politics Since 1945

1. The onset of Cold War – Cold War and people’s revolt – Detente
2. Rise of the People’s Republic of China – impact on Global politics
3. The emergence of the Third World – Neo-colonialism and new World Order – Third World crisis (selected case studies: Korean Crisis, Suez Crisis, Arab-Israel conflict, Congo Crisis, Afghan Crisis, Kashmir Crisis)
4. De-stalinization and crisis of Soviet Socialist World – East European reaction and reunification of Germany – debates on Post-Cold war: uni-polarity or multi-polarity
5. Globalization: theory and practice – its impact – revolution in IT – new philosophy of development – concept of global village – transformation of IR

Suggested Readings;

1. William Keylor, Twentieth Century World and Beyond
2. McWilliams & Piotrowski, The World Since 1945 A History of International Relations
3. E. Mawdsley, World War II
4. Wenger & Zimmermann, International Relations From the cold War to the Globalized World
5. Henry Heller, The Cold War and the New Imperialism: A Global History, 1945-2005
6. Peter Calvocoressi, World politics, 1945-2000

MhisCCT 204: Indian Foreign Policy Since Independence

1. Situating India in new world order- Nehru and the world view of India’s strategic elite – domestic dimension of foreign policy
2. India and the Third World: NAM, South-South cooperation, Look East policy

3. India and South Asian neighbours: Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan, Sri Lanka – SAARC & ASEAN – cross-border terrorism and India
4. India and the Great powers – the USA, Soviet Union / Russia, China
5. India as: military power, nuclear power and rising Asian power

Suggested Readings:

1. Bipan Chandra et al, India Since Independence
2. B.R. Nanda (ed), Indian Foreign Policy: The Nehru Years
3. M.S. Rajan, India in World Affairs
4. Rajni Kothari, Politics in India

**MhisCCT 205: Regional History
with Special Reference to Manbhum / Purulia**

1. The South-West Frontier Bengal – geo-political background
2. The *Jungle Mahal*: the phases of 1793-1805, 1805-1833
3. The Manbhum phase: 1833-1856
4. The State Reorganization movement – birth of the district of Purulia – changes in society and economy – from tribe to community – effects of cultural marginalization
5. The Nationalist, Left and autonomous movements and role of different political parties

Suggested Readings:

1. W.W. Hunter, The Annals of Rural Bengal
2. Do, the Statistical Account of Bengal
3. J.C. Jha, The Bhumij Revolt, 1832-33
4. N. Kaviraj, Santal Village Community and the Santal Rebellion of 1855
5. R.C. Majumdar, History of Bengal
6. A. Mitra, Tribes and Castes of Bengal

7. H.H. Risley, The Tribes and Castes of Bengal
8. E.T. Dalton, Descriptive Ethnology of Bengal
9. A. Bhattacharya, Chhou Dance of Purulia
10. Sushil K. Bhattacharya, Folk Heritage of India
11. Bibhuti Bhusan Dasgupta, Manbhum Tusu Satyagraha and our Stand
12. S.R. Das, Folk Religion of Bengal
13. Subhas Ch. Mukhopadhyay, Glimpses of the History of Manbhum
14. Jayanta K. Dab, Local Politics and Indian Nationalism, Purulia 1921-47
15. P.K. Mondal, Manbhum Jelar Bhasa Aandoloner Itihaas
16. Binod Shankar Das, Civil Rebellion in the Frontier Bengal
17. H.Coupland, Bengal District Gazetteer, Manbhum, 1911
18. J.C.Price, The Chuar Rebellion of 1799

MhisCCP 206: Economic History of India: 1757-1857

1. Indian Economy in the mid-18th Century: Nature and structure – rural and urban production technology and production relation - Trade and Banking; business and banking houses – debates on the potentialities of capitalist change in pre-Colonial economy
2. Early Phase of Colonial Economy: European companies – trade and relations with Indian business world – company’s mechanism of rural control – impact on society of drain of wealth – revenue settlements: ideology, objectives, operations and critiques of the settlements
3. Colonial Impact on Agriculture and Industry: colonial impact and new structural trends in agrarian society – commercialization of agriculture – social stratification – agrarian stagnation – state of traditional handicraft industry and the question of de-industrialization: regional variations – capital and labour in handicraft society
4. The Tribal Dimensions: the changing economy and society of the tribal world

Suggested Readings:

1. R.C. Dutt, The Economic History of India Under Early British Rule
2. Do, The Economic History of India in the Victorian Age
3. Dadabhai Naoroji, Poverty and the Un-British Rule in India
4. S. Bhattacharya, Financial Foundation of the Raj
5. Do, Ouponibeshik Bharater Arthoniti 1850-1947
6. Dharma Kumar (ed), The Cambridge Economic History of India, vol.2

MhisCCT 301: Industrial Revolution: England and the Continent

1. Problem of origin – Reformation to Enclosure movement – Accumulation of capital
2. The age of Canal and transport revolution
3. The take-off – cotton phase
4. Transition of the Industrial revolution in Britain 1780-1840
5. The Railways and the export of the Revolution to the Continent and America
6. Technological progress & the Industrial revolution 1700-1914
7. The Industrial revolution in Germany: iron & steel, chemical industry
8. Social impact of the industrial revolution
9. Britain in the World economy
10. Industrial revolution and Imperialism

Suggested Readings:

1. Phyllis Deane, The First Industrial Revolution
2. Lipson, The Economic History of England, Part-III
3. Briggs & Jordan, Economic History of England
4. Paul Mantoux, Industrial Revolution in the Eighteenth Century
5. M. Dobb, Studies in the Development of Capitalism
6. P. Bairoch, Agriculture and the Industrial Revolution
7. E.J. Hobsbawm, Industry and Empire

MhisCCT302: State in India

1. Towards the formation of the States
2. The *Mouryan* state
3. The Gupta polity
4. State formation in the South

5. Nature and functions of the state under the Sultans of Delhi – the Islamic theory of State
6. Vijayanagar state: structure, features and nature
7. The Mughal State: administrative institutions – *Mansabdari* system – socio-economic basis
8. Colonial State: political economy – state apparatus – instruments of legitimating
9. Stages of development of the Nation-state in India
10. State in Independent India: continuity and change

Suggested Readings:

1. Romila Thapar, Asoka and the Decline of the Mouryan Empire
2. Do, The Mouryas Revisited
3. Irfan Habib and F. Habib, An Atlas of Ancient Indian History
4. Irfan Habib, The Agrarian System of Mughal India, 1556-1707
5. Do, An Atlas of the Mughal Empire
6. Burton Stein, State Formation and Economy Reconsidered
7. J.F. Richards, The Mughal Empire
8. W.W. Hunter, A History of British India
9. D.D. Kosambi, An Introduction to the Study of Indian History

MhisCCT 303: Environmental History of South Asia / India

1. Environment and ecology in Indian ethos and philosophy
2. Settlement Archaeology
3. Expansion of agriculture
4. Geographical zones
5. Climatic factors in the evolution of the society
6. Nature-based activities and social formations
7. Indigenous knowledge systems, nature and societies
8. Management of environment in history
9. Colonial intervention & environment
10. Tribalization of community
11. Impact of modern industries on ecology
12. Oriental system and development alternatives

Suggested Readings:

1. R. Chakraborty, Situating Environmental History
2. R. Guha, Environmentalism: A Global History
3. M. Rangarajan, India's Environmental History: A Reader
4. Christopher V. Hill, South Asia: An Environmental History
5. J. Wilhelm, Environment and Pollution in Colonial India

MhisCCT304: History of Science, Technology, Medicine in India

1. Science and empire: theoretical perspectives – conceptual aspects of modern science – the nature and growth of Western science, technology and medicine (STM) – the role and place of STM in the colonial process
2. Science and colonial explorations: State of STM on the eve of British conquest – EIC & the scientific explorations – early European scientists, surveyors, botanists, geologists, zoologists under Company's service
3. Growth of techno-Scientific institutions: scientific and technical education – establishment of scientific institutions: survey of India, GSI
4. Indian response to Western science: response to new scientific knowledge – interactions and predicaments – science and Indian nationalism – national science vs. Colonial science: Mahendralal Sarkar, P.C. Roy, J.C. Bose
5. Science and development discourse: STM for development-ideas of British Government, Mahatma Gandhi & other Indian nationalists – professionalization of science – Royal commissions and their reports – Planning for development: national Planning Committee, Bombay Plan, National Planning Advisory Board, Central Advisory Board of Education – Transition from 'dependent' to 'independent' science

Suggested Readings:

1. Deepak Kumar, Science and the Raj: A Study of British India
2. Do, Medical Encounters in British India
3. Do, Disease and Medicine in India: A Historical Overview
4. R.S. Sharma, India's Ancient Past
5. Charles G. Cumston, History of Medicine

MhisOET305: Urban Study (Out Elective)

1. The Study of Urbanization: Geographical approaches – rise of Urban studies in India – the source materials and methodology – the need for research of urban India
2. The History of Urbanization: Prehistoric period – early historical period – medieval period – British period – post-Independence period
3. Urbanization Process: socio-cultural process – political-administrative process – economical-geographical process
4. Pattern of Urbanization: levels of urbanization – structural pattern – macro-spatial pattern – overview
5. The Rural-Urban Fringe: origin of the phenomenon – definition, delimitation, structure of rural-urban fringe – some conceptual notions – transformation of the fringe villages
6. Urbanization Policy: basic issues – Five Years' Plan and the urbanization policy – perspectives on urbanization policy

Suggested Readings:

1. R. Ramachandran, Urbanization and Urban Systems in India
2. C. Patit (ed), Urbanization in India: Past and Present
3. M.S.A. Rao (ed), Urban Sociology in India
4. B. Bhattacharya, Urban Development in India
5. D. R. Gadgil, Industrial Evolution in India in Recent Times

6. A. Habib, Urban Growth: A Historical Perspective
7. J.E. Schwartzburg, A Historical Atlas of South Asia
8. Ved Prakash, New Towns in India

MhisOPP 306: Outreach Programme

Historical Excursion & Documentation

MhisCCT 401: Women in Indian History

1. Different approaches: liberal, Marxist, radical, post modern
2. Religion, social movements and Indian women – women’s position in *Brahmanical* and non-*Brahmanical* religions in Ancient India – women’s question as addressed in Islam, *Sikhism* and Christianity – 19th century socio-religious reforms & women
3. Education and women: Ancient – Medieval – modern
4. Women’s organizations and political participations: *Gandhian satyagraha* – revolutionary movements – peasants and workers movements – feminist movements in India

Suggested Readings:

1. D. Jain (ed), Indian Women
2. Geraldine Forbes, Women in Modern India
3. Samita Sen, Motherhood and Mothercraft: Gender and Nationalism in Bengal
4. Do, Women and Labour in Late Colonial India
5. Tanika Sarkar, Politics and Women in Bengal: the Conditions and Meaning of Participation
6. Do, Hindu Wife, Hindu Nation: Community, Religion and Cultural Nationalism
7. J. Bagchi, The Changing Status of Women in West Bengal, 1970-2000
8. Peter Custers, Women in the Tebhaga Uprising
9. Mdhul Kishwar, Gandhi on Women
10. Partha Dutta, Women in Indian Perspective

Mhis MET 402: Special Papers

1. Political Thought from Ancient Period to 18th Century

1. Classical Indian political thought: Vedic period: Patanjali to Panini – Buddhist political thought – political thought during the imperial period – post-Gupta political thought
2. Medieval Indian political thought: Sultanat period – Mughal period – Sufis and the thought of an alternate political order in Medieval India
3. Concept of state in the 18th century and early-19th century
4. The early British rulers and the decline of the Mughal state

Suggested Readings:

1. H.C. Roychoudhuri, A Political History of Ancient India
2. D.D. Kosambi, An Introduction to the Study of Indian History
3. R. Thapar, The Mouryas Revisited
4. R.S. Sharma, Indian Feudalism
5. A.L. Basham, The Wonder that was India
6. G.P. Singh, political Thought in Ancient India
7. B.A. Saletore, Ancient Indian Political Thought and Institutions
8. Ravi Ranjan, Ancient Indian Political Thought and Institutions
9. Sanjay Narula, Ancient Indian Social and Political Thought
10. V.P. Varma, Ancient & Medieval Indian Political Thought

Or

2. Political Thought in Modern India

1. The British idea of the rule of law
2. Rammohan Roy and quasi Indian nationality
3. The Young Bengal phase: impact of liberal enlightenment
4. Bankimchandra Chattopadhyaya

5. Moderate political thinkers of India: Ranade, Gokhale, S.N. Banerjee, Dadabhai Naoroji
6. Extremist political thinkers of India: Tilak, Aurobindo, Bipin Ch. Pal
7. Political philosophers of India: Tagore, Vivekananda, Mahatma Gandhi

Suggested Readings:

1. N. Jayapalan, Indian Political Thinkers: Modern India
2. Bipan Chandra et al, Struggle for India's Independence
3. Do, India Since Independence
4. Sumit Sarkar, Kaliyuga, Chakri and Bhakti: Ramkrishna and His Times
5. V.C. Joshi (ed), Rammohun Roy and the Process of Modernization in India
6. A. Tripathi, Vidyasagar the Traditional Moderniser
7. Pantham and Deutsch (ed), Political Thought in Modern India

Mhis MET 403: Special Papers

1. Indian Economy: 1858-1947

1. Indian Economy towards transition: new agricultural policy after 1857 – tenancy act – growth of new agricultural classes – major agricultural trends – different theories of famines – demographic changes
2. Railways and Indian economy: economic and political compulsions – unification and subjugation of Indian market – effects on agricultural and non-agricultural production and agrarian society – nationalist criticism and other debates
3. Large-scale industry: the British policy and Indian industrialization – pre & Post World War phases – industrial commission, fiscal policy, policy of discriminatory protection – growth of large-scale industries – regional variations – British capital vs. Indian capital – colonial ideology of technological innovations – Indian response – impact on Indian society – Indian industrial classes – debates on the character of Indian capitalist class – rise of industrial labour force
4. Changing environment – issues concerning deforestation and industrial pollution

Suggested Readings:

1. Tirthankar Roy, The Economic History of India, 1857-1947

2. B.R. Tomlinson, The Political Economy of the Raj, 1914-47: the Economics of Decolonization in India
3. S. Bhattacharya, Financial Foundation of the Raj
4. Do, Ouponibeshik Bharater Arthoniti 1850-1947
5. Sugata Bose, Agrarian Bengal: Economy, Social Structure and Politics, 1919-47
6. Dharma Kumar (ed), The Cambridge Economic History of India, vol.2
7. C. Markovits, Indian Business and National Politics 1931-39
8. Partha Dutta, Urbanization Local Politics and Labour Protest: A Study of Jute Millhands in North 24-Parganas, 1900-1959

Or

2. Tribal History

1. Definition and definitional problem – colonial administration and the identification of tribe – tribe-caste dichotomy
2. Primordial groups: locale, environment and livelihood: from food gathering to primitive agriculture – settled agriculture-village – forest-exchange of products
3. Tribes of eastern India: Munda, Ho, Oraon, Kheria, Bir-hor of Manbhum/Purulia
4. Productive technologies: iron-smelting, oil milling, house building, tools & implements
5. Tribes of other regions: Angami Nagas, Khasi, Lepcha, Agaria
6. Tribal culture

Suggested Readings:

1. H.H. Risley, Caste and Tribe in Bengal
2. S.C. Roy, The Mundas and Their Countries
3. K.K. Mishra, Tribal Elites and Social Transformation
4. P.P. Mahato, Bharater Adibasi o Dalit Samaj
5. Walter G. Griffiths, The Kol Tribes of Central India
6. Hitesh R. Sanyal, Social Mobility in Bengal
7. S. Bondyopadhyay, Caste, Culture and Hegemony
8. Annapurna Chattopadhyay, The People and Culture of Bengal A Study in Origins
9. B. Choudhuri, The Nature and Extent of Munda-Hindu Interactions
10. A.B. Choudhuri, State Formation among Tribals: A Quest for Santal Identity
11. K.S. Singh, People of India
12. Partha Dutta, Tribes in North Bengal: Culture Society and Politics

Mhis MEP 404: Field Work & Seminar Presentation

**Mhis MEP 405: Dissertation Based on Field Work
& Viva Voce**

MhisACT 406: Add-On Course